

Fertility & the Feminine Body in Biomedicine: An Exploration of Transitory Fertility & Reproductive Agency in Cobbs Creek, West Philadelphia

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BACKGROUND

- Medical literature is often concerned with the "preservation" of female fertility, and implies the dependence, and/or fragility, of the female body¹
- Fertility as a mechanism of socialization for women and the subsequent management of their bodies²
- Family planning can operate as a vehicle to influence other areas of society through fertility ³
- Women treated for infertility are often distressed by gender role identity, career role salience, and societal pressure influence a woman's distress level surrounding her infertility⁴
- Fertility clinics represent spaces the "liminality" of fertility is reinforced⁵
- There is a lack of literature on fertility experiences of women not currently seeking fertility treatments

OBJECTIVES

- 1) Introduce & apply the concept of transitory fertility through analysis of how women not currently seeking fertility treatment manage their bodies in various spaces
- 2) Call for more ethnographic investigations for female fertility to advance the operationalization of transitory fertility in clinical spaces

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<u>Transitory Fertility:</u> Periods or moments of perceived fertility or infertility that change across a person's life and are based on life experience and belief rather than

medical diagnosis/classification.



KEY FOR THREE MAJOR THEMES

Instances of Transitory Fertility
Management/Control of Body
Emotional experience

Rey to neighborhoods

1. Center City/East

2. Center City/East

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3. Schuykkil/SW Center City

4. Bella Vista/Southwark

5. Queen Villaga/Pennsport

6. Point Breeze

7. Grays Ferry

8. South Philadelphia/West

9. South Philadelphia/East

10. Eastwick

11. Southwest Philadelphia

12. Kingsessing

13. University City

14. West Philadelphia/Cobbs Creek

15. Powelton Villaga/W. Powelton

16. Mantua

17. West Philadelphia/Parkside

18. Overbrook

19. Wynnefield

19. Wynnefield

10. Fairmount/Spring Garden

21. North Philadelphia/East

22. Fairmount/Spring Garden

23. Northern Liberties/Fishtown

24. Kensington

25. Allegheny West

24. Kensington

25. Allegheny West

26. Fairmill

27. Port Richmond

28. Bridesburg

30. Holmesburg

51. Rawwhurst

52. Fox Chase/Burholme

53. Bustleton

54. Roxborough

54. Roxborough

55. Northeast Philadelphia

55. Northeast Philadelphia

56. Torresdale

57. Parkland

"Honestly, I don't know if I was thinking whether I could get pregnant, you know, because I had sexual experiences prior to my pregnancy. So, it was kind of this, you know, until it happened, I thought I couldn't get pregnant, and then I did." -Jane*, age 30

"I always wanted to be married with two daughters and live in Delaware and have a fancy house and car. But that changed when I thought I couldn't have children. My dreams were like kind of shattered. It wasn't, you know, how I planned it to be...I just felt, not bad, but ashamed." -Stacy*, age 33

"I don't like that excitement that you get when you think you're pregnant and you find out you're not and now you're so disappointed because it was never there. I don't like that feeling. And I've had that feeling in college. And every time it was so disappointing like I'm, like heartbroken...So, I went on birth control because of those constant disappointments, like the disappointments more like, like it was just like it was really upsetting anxiety...The rational side of me was like, but this is a good thing [to not be pregnant]. You're still in school, you're not ready..." -Mary*, age 30

*All names have been changed.

METHODS

- Remote study in medically underserved area of Cobbs Creek, West Philadelphia in collaboration with Sayre Health Center (SHC)
- Snow-ball sampling with Community Health Needs Assessment
- Semi-structured telephone interviews, recorded, transcribed, de-identified and coded deductively for major themes

DISCUSSION

- Framing fertility as a dynamic experience of ebbs and flows, instead of a binary one.
- Periods of infertility or hyperfertility inspired the same shame, resentment, and guilt as in women who are biomedically labelled as infertile.
- Emotional experiences such as these are not limited to women who actively seek treatment in a clinic setting.
- Biomedicine has standardized treatment for women who have trouble naturally conceiving, whose bodies are not 'cooperating.'

 We must assess the role of clinical treatment programs in sustaining the feelings reported here.

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