Fecal Incontinence: More Common Than You Think!

But IBS Impairs Health-Related Quality of Life More

Introduction

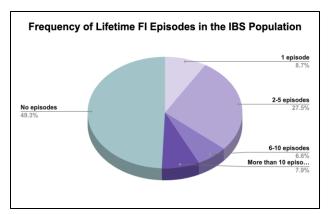
- Fecal Incontinence (FI) is the unintentional passage of stool.
- People with Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS) are at increased risk of FI and often experience significant bowel control anxiety and impaired quality of life.
- This study aims to determine the prevalence of FI in the general population, while also assessing the relationship between FI and IBS on an individual's HR-QoL.

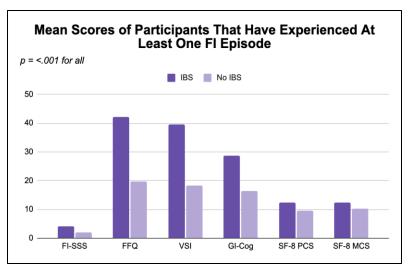
Methods

- Participants (n=765) were recruited via Prolific.
- Participants completed a survey which assessed for demographic information, GI disorder history, HR-QoL, and other psychological variables.
 - Short Form-8 (HR-QoL)
 - o Rome IV IBS Questionnaire
 - o FI-Symptom Severity Scale
 - o FI-Quality of Life Measure
 - Visceral Sensitivity Index
 - o Fear of Food Questionnaire

o GI-Cognitions Questionnaire

Frequency of Lifetime FI Episodes in the General Population 1 episode 6.5% 2-5 episodes 18.7% 6-10 episodes 4.1% More than 10 episodes 68.2%

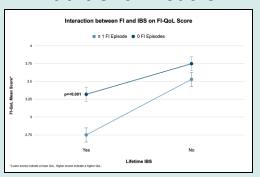




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Additional Visuals



Conclusions

- A surprising number of people (32%) with no GI disorder have experienced at least one lifetime episode of FI.
- People with IBS experience significantly more lifetime episodes of FI (52%) (Chi Square = 25.131, p=<.001).
- People with IBS experience significantly more impairment, even if they have not experienced an episode of FI [T(207) = -1.639, p = .05).
- The fear of FI may be more impairing than the FI itself.

Future Directions

 Intervention studies should focus specifically on addressing the fear associated with FI, especially within psychotherapy treatments for IBS.

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